

# Physics IC Practice final answers

$$(1) \theta(V_R) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{\omega^2 N}\right)$$

$$\theta(V_N) = \tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{\omega^2 N}{R}\right)$$

$$(2) (a) d\vec{F} = \frac{E_0 B_0}{\mu_0 c} \sin^2(\omega t) a dr \hat{x}$$

$$(b) \langle d\vec{E}_{abs} \rangle = \frac{E_0 B_0}{2\mu_0 c} ar dr \hat{z}$$

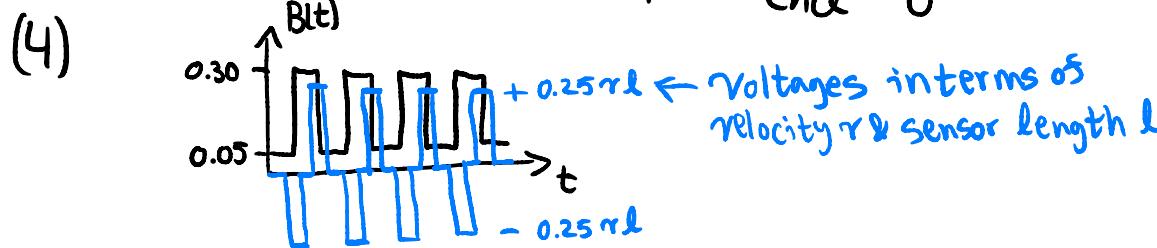
$$\langle d\vec{E}_{ref} \rangle = 2 \langle d\vec{E}_{abs} \rangle$$

$$(c) \langle \vec{E} \rangle = \frac{3 E_0 B_0}{4\mu_0 c} a ((l+a)^2 - l^2) \hat{z}$$

$$(d) \ddot{\theta} = \frac{3 E_0 B_0}{4\mu_0 c I} a ((l+a)^2 - l^2) \text{ counterclockwise}$$

$$(3) \mu_0 I_{end} = \int d\vec{l} \cdot \vec{B} = \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \sqrt{a^2 \cos^2 \theta + b^2 \sin^2 \theta} \hat{T}(\theta) \cdot \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{B} = \text{const} \Rightarrow \mu_0 I_{end} = 0$$



(5) The matchstick appears  $\frac{105}{29} \approx 3.6\text{cm}$  to the left and is uninverted with height  $\frac{60}{29} \approx 2.1\text{cm}$  and magnification 0.52

(6) The difference in path lengths adjusted to free-space is

$$l = 2 \cdot \left(1 \cdot \frac{4}{3} + 3 \cdot \frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{35}{3} [\text{mm}] \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{constructive if } m\lambda_0 = l, m \in \mathbb{Z} \\ \text{destructive if } (m + \frac{l}{2})\lambda_0 = l \end{array}$$

(7)  $\theta_{observed} = \tan^{-1}(\tan(\theta)/\gamma)$  where  $\gamma = u/c$

(8) approaching at  $c/3$